



2023

ANALYST PRESENTATION

FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR
ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

PRESENTED BY: TAVAZIVA MADZINGA AND WIKUS
OLIVIER



Santam is an authorised financial services provider (FSP 3416),
a licensed non-life insurer and controlling company for its group companies.

CONTENT

- Key messages
- Operating environment
- Strategy overview
- Performance update
- Financial results
- Capital management
- Closing remarks

KEY MESSAGES

- The Group has achieved a resilient performance for the year despite tough operating environment and extreme weather conditions
- We refreshed our FutureFit strategy and implemented our client-facing multichannel operating model: the dedicated focus on our direct businesses and partnerships (including MTN) lays the foundation for accelerated growth
- Our management actions are showing positive outcomes: significant turnaround in the motor book, power surge losses mitigated, good progress with geocoding and actions to address underperforming SA property book, cancellation of unprofitable business provides 2024 earnings momentum at Santam Re
- Our continued market dominance is underpinned by strong Broker partnerships
- Diversification supported earnings in 2023: good investment returns and strong performance from both Specialist Solutions and Alternative Risk Transfer businesses
- We remain focused on driving disciplined strategy execution in pursuit of top-line growth and improved underwriting margins



OPERATING ENVIRONMENT



OPERATING ENVIRONMENT REMAINS CHALLENGING

- **Geopolitical tensions:** Ukraine/Russia, brewing Middle East war, China/US tensions
- **Supply chain disruptions:** Suez-canal attacks forcing certain ships to take longer route
- **Slowing global economy**
- **NatCat events:** Record high temperatures across Europe and the US, frequent and severe climate-related events, above-average NatCAT insured losses, earthquakes in Türkiye and Morocco
- **Increased pressure** on sustainability and climate-related disclosures

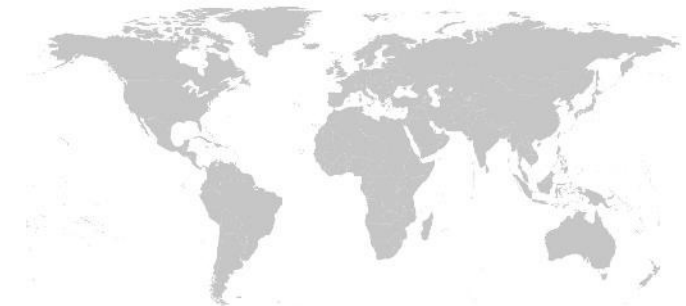


- **Weak SA economic growth:** elevated interest rates, exchange rate
- **High unemployment:** affordability and shrinking client pool
- **Severe electricity constraints:** loadshedding equivalent of 289 days of the year
- **Infrastructure challenges:** Municipality, roads and port deterioration not conducive to economic growth
- **Extreme weather events:** floods in the Western Cape, exacerbated by failing infrastructure



INDUSTRY IMPACT

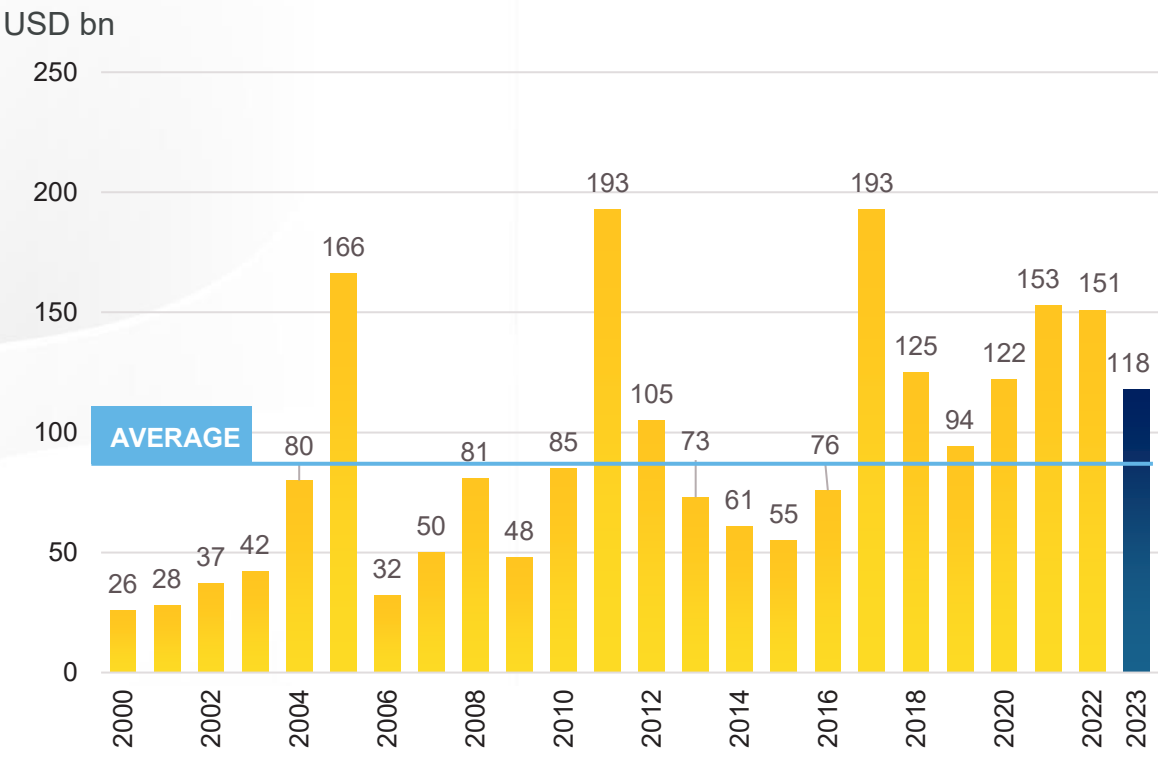
- Global economic uncertainty
- Elevated claims inflation
- A higher interest environment benefits investments; however, with pressure on consumer disposable income
- Increased claims frequency and severity, leading to earnings volatility
- Increasing cost of reinsurance
- Increased disclosures and cost of compliance
- Widening risk protection gap
- Increased competitive environment
- Corporate actions to address growth and profitability challenges



CATASTROPHE LOSSES

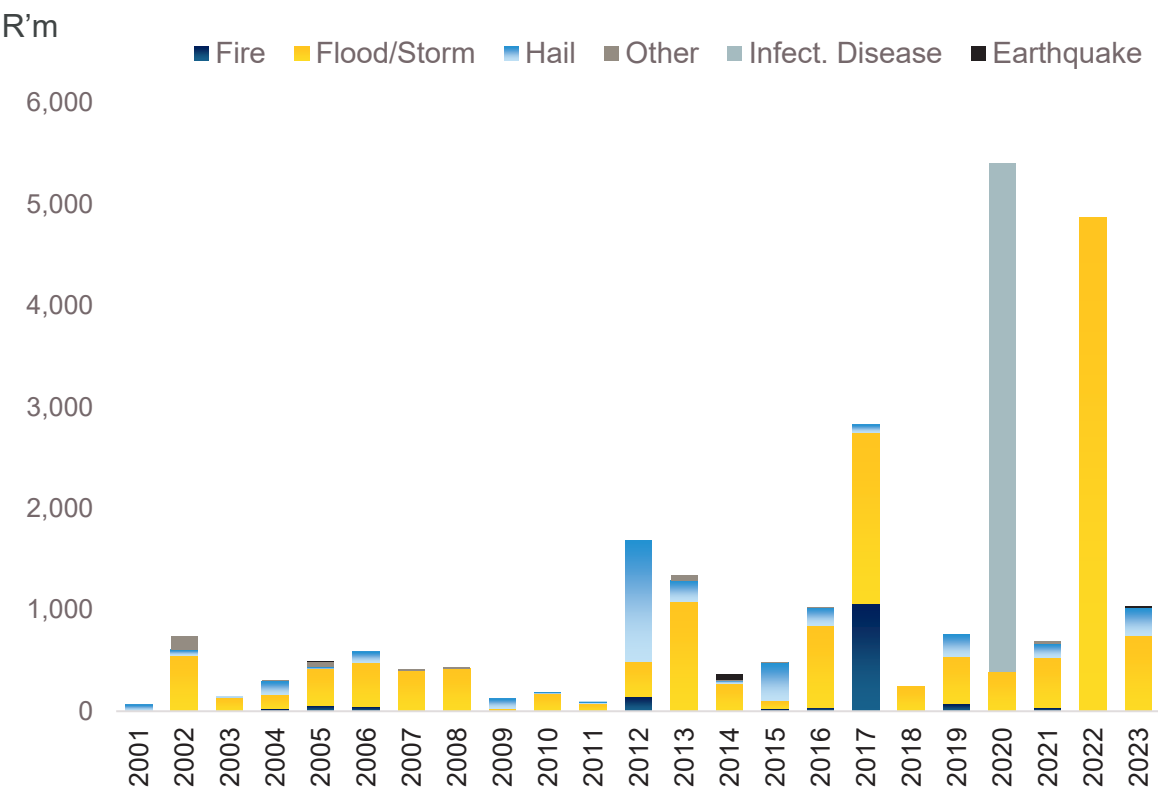
Catastrophe losses have been elevated over the last few decades due to high-loss events such as storms and floods. The size and frequency of catastrophe claims have increased in South Africa and around the world.

GLOBAL INSURED LOSSES: ALL PERILS (\$ BN)



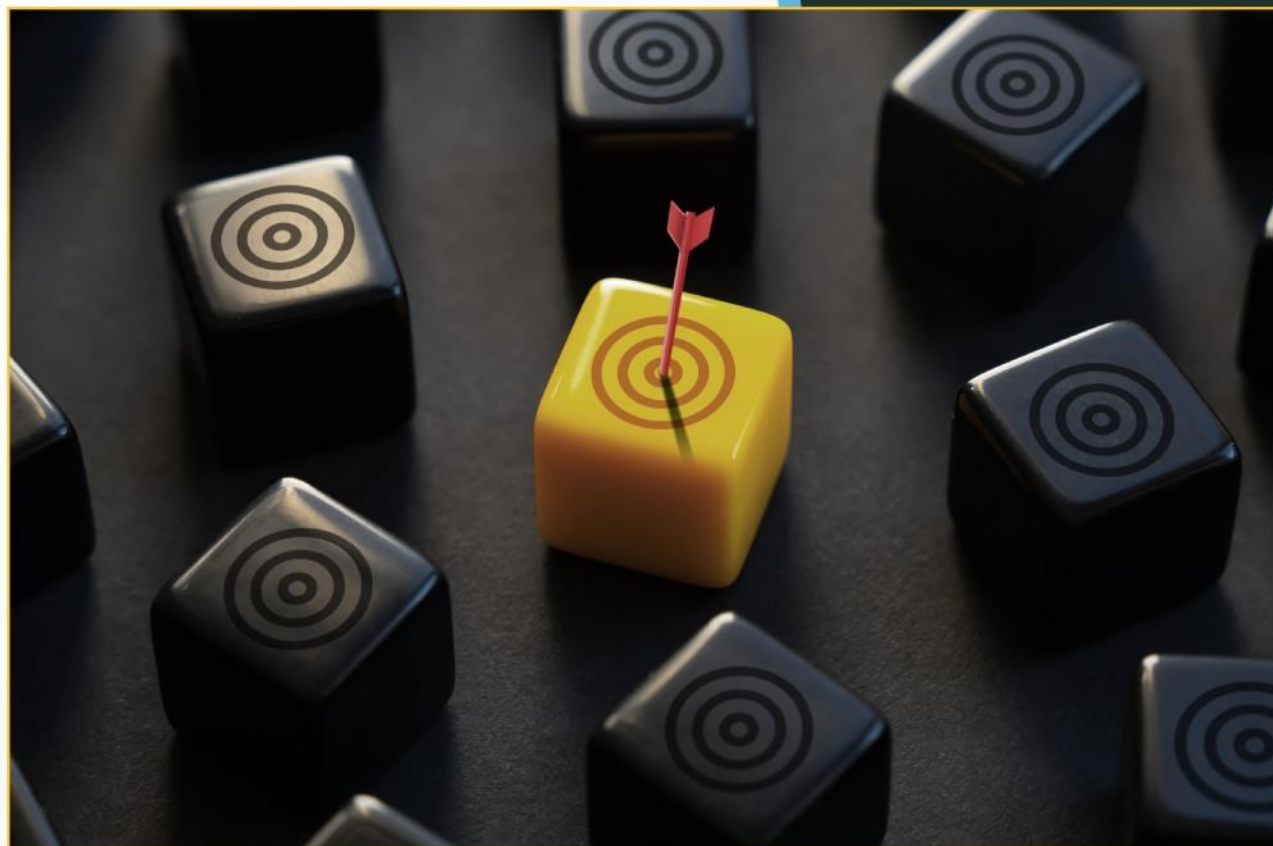
Sources: AON, Santam

SANTAM: GROSS TOTAL CATASTROPHE CLAIMS, ALL PERILS (RM)

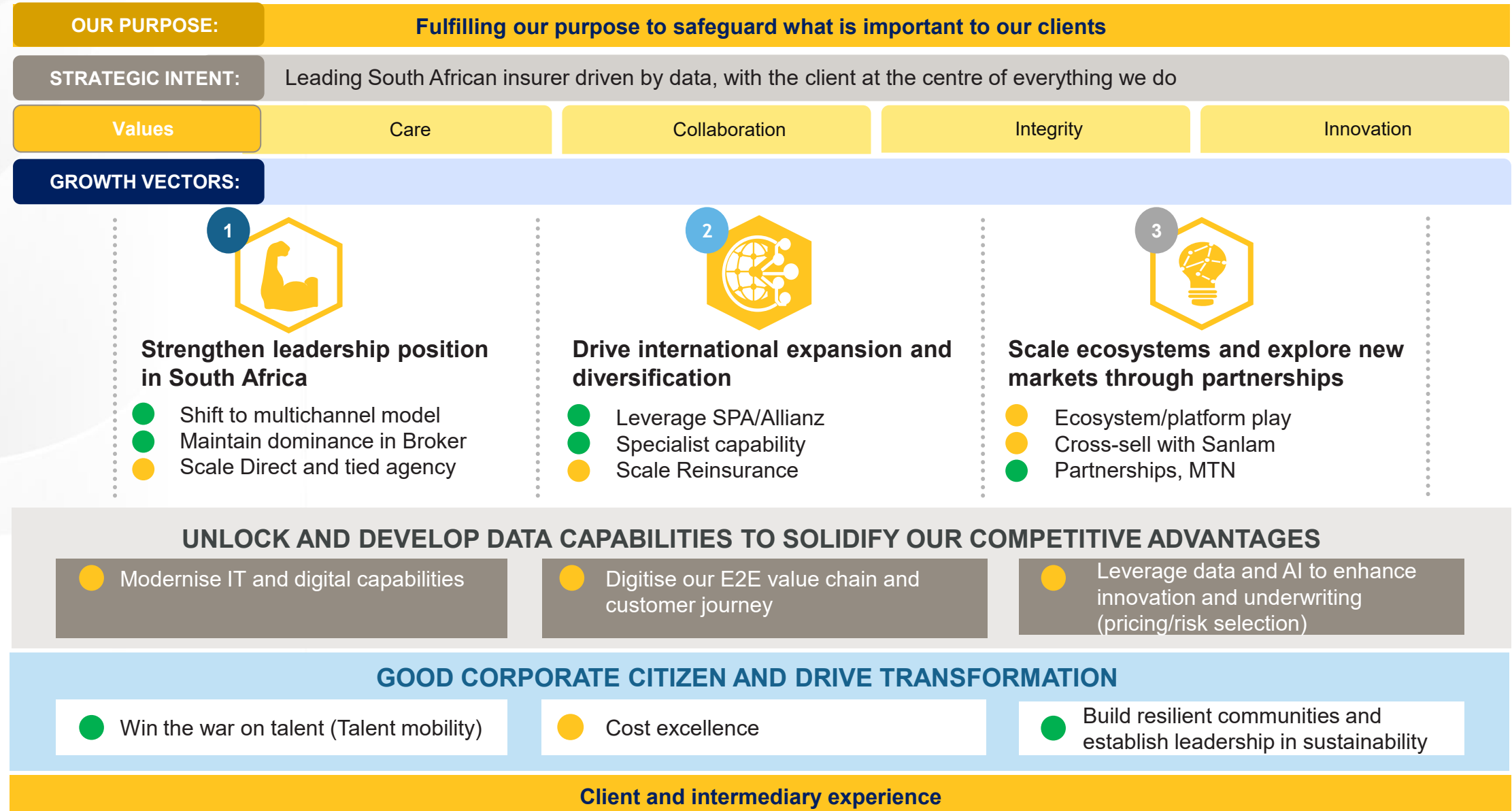




STRATEGY OVERVIEW



WE HAVE MADE PROGRESS IN IMPLEMENTING OUR REFRESHED STRATEGY AND ENHANCED OUR ABILITY TO WITHSTAND THE HEADWINDS



PERFORMANCE UPDATE: DECEMBER 2023



GROWTH

Conventional insurance
GWP growth of **5.5%**
(2022: **8.2%**)

Conventional insurance
NEP growth of **5.8%**
(2022: **5.3%***)

NEP grew by **8%**,
excluding cancelled business



EARNINGS

Underwriting margin for
conventional insurance
business of **3.5%**
(2022: **5.1%**)

Alternative Risk Transfer
earnings of **R516 million**
(2022: **R368 million**)

Net income **R3 250 million**
(2022: **R1 980 million**)

Return on Capital **28.5%** (2022:
18.5%)



FINANCIAL STRENGTH

Group economic capital
coverage ratio of **155%**
(Dec 2022: **156%**)

Final dividend of **905 cps**
(2022: **845 cps**), up **7.1%**

Total distributions of **3180 cps**
including special dividend of
1780 cps



VALUE DRIVERS

Direct as % of GWP **17%** (2022:
16%)

International as % of GWP
16% (2022: **15%**)

Policy count: **1.3 million**



RESULTS AFFECTED BY:

Negatives: Attritional weather losses, Western Cape Floods, Türkiye earthquake, Large fire losses and Hail

Positives: Motor, Power surge under control, Specialist, ART performance and MTN partnership

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TO FIX THE UNDERWRITING MARGIN

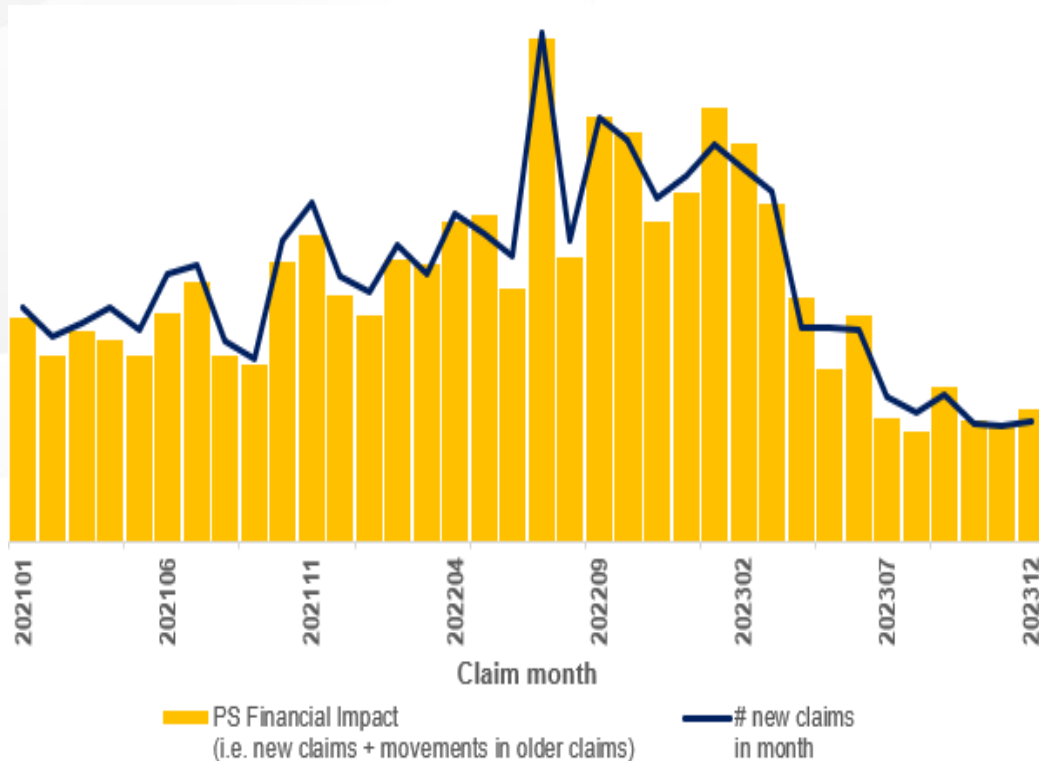
We have taken corrective actions to fix the underwriting margin, and these have shown positive results. We continue to take further management actions to return to our target underwriting margin range.

| | 2023 R'm | % of NEP | 2022 R'm | % of NEP | RAG status |
|--|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|
| Underwriting result - actual | 1 031 | 3.5% | 1 402 | 5.1% | |
| CBI release and other | (185) | -0.6% | (797) | -2.9% | |
| Power surge claims | - | 0.0% | 227 | 0.8% | |
| Motor-related claims | - | 0.0% | 553 | 2.0% | |
| NatCat / Weather-related claims | 583 | 2.0% | 567 | 2.0% | |
| Cancelled business | 551 | 1.9% | 115 | 0.4% | |
| Large fire claims | 422 | 1.4% | 388 | 1.4% | |
| Underwriting result - adjusted | 2 457 | 8.4% | 2 455 | 8.9% | |
| Investment return on insurance funds | 759 | 2.6% | 341 | 1.2% | |
| Net Insurance Result - adjusted | 3 216 | 11.0% | 2 796 | 10.1% | |

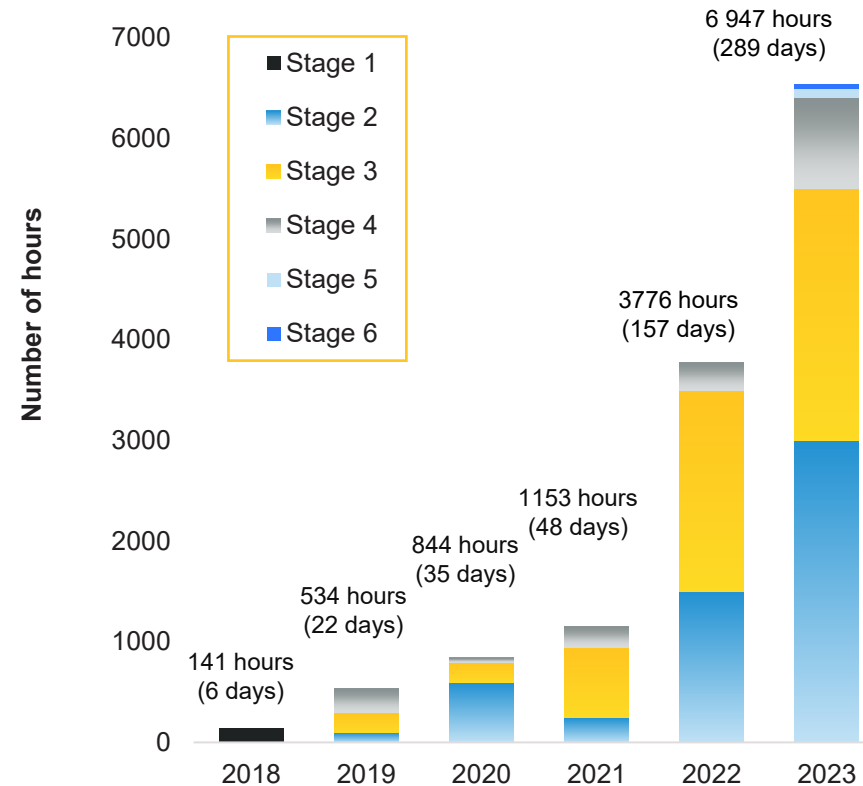
- We also improved security requirements for high-risk vehicles, which has improved the profitability of the motor book.
- We have cancelled the unprofitable business; this should not repeat in 2024.
- We have adjusted the investment duration of float funds; this has significantly improved Net Insurance results.
- We continue to geocode our property book; so far, 86% of the on-platform has been completed.

POWER SURGE CLAIMS REDUCED DESPITE RECORD LOADSHEDDING

POWER SURGE CLAIMS PER MONTH FROM 2021 – 2023 (ON-PLATFORM POLICIES)



NATIONAL LOAD SHEDDING HOURS BY STAGE FROM 2018 TO 2023

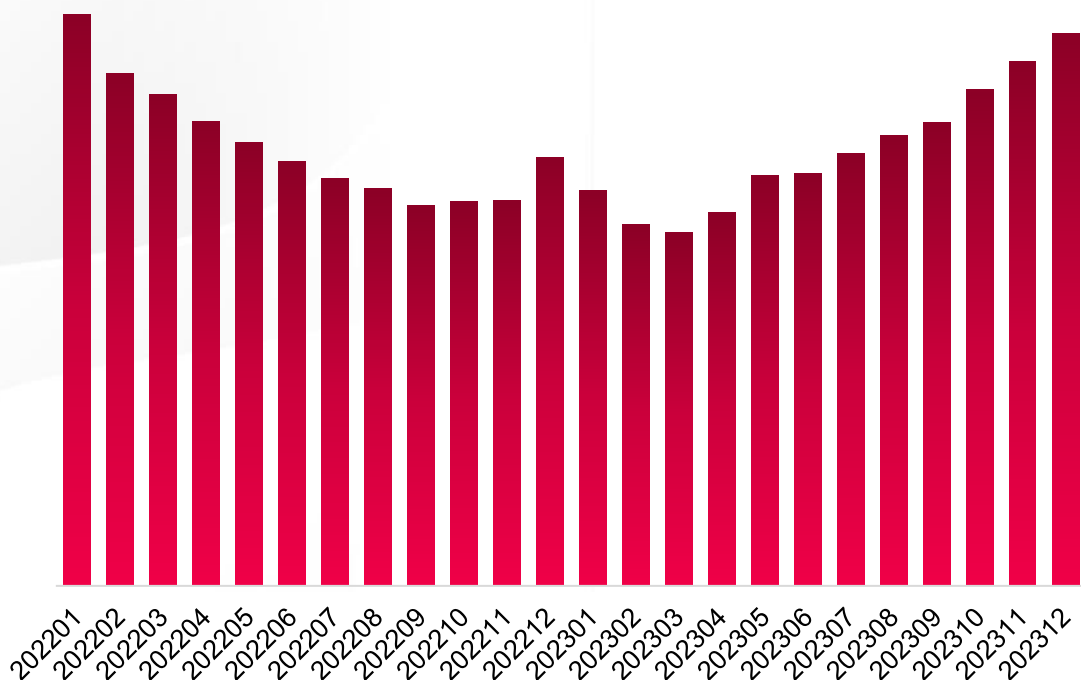


- We have enhanced risk assessments and changed excess amounts, and power surge losses significantly reduced both in count and amount despite the record load-shedding schedule in 2023.

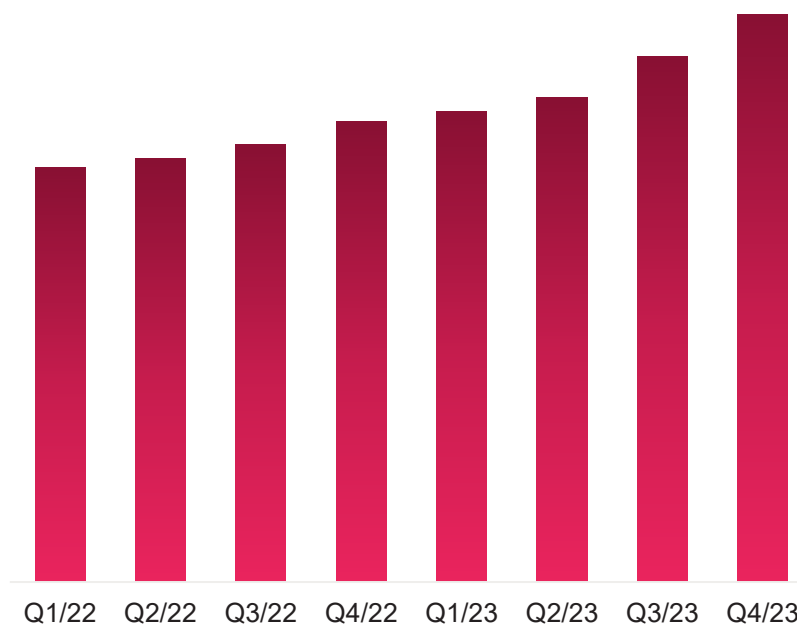
MIWAY TURNAROUND

MiWay turnaround is encouraging despite the tough operating environment. The strategic initiatives are gaining traction.

POLICY GROWTH RECOVERY MONTH-ON-MONTH



GWP - QUARTERLY TRENDS



- MiWay's monthly growth almost doubled towards the end of the year compared to the first-half 2023 results, ending at an increase of 5% (2.5%: 2022) for the full year.
- The strategic focus on an inbound model is driving positive growth in policy count, complemented by good growth in business insurance and value-added services.
- Net inception policy count is positive, and the In-force policy count is also steadily increasing due to inbound marketing and retention efforts.

OUR LONG TERM TARGETS TO 2030

FINANCIAL



GWP GROWTH RATE

CPI + GDP + 1 to 2%

NET UNDERWRITING MARGIN

5% to 10%

DIVERSIFICATION

International GWP >20%
Direct GWP > 30%

RETURN ON CAPITAL

>24%

DIVIDEND GROWTH

In line with GWP growth

CAPITAL COVERAGE RATIO

145% to 165%

NON- FINANCIAL



POLICY COUNT

>2 million

CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE (NPS SCORE)

>60%

EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT SCORE

>75%

MARKET SHARE

>24%

TRANSFORMATION

Maintain B-BBEE Level 1

ESG

Maintain Top 30 JSE Responsible Investment Index



FINANCIAL RESULTS



IFRS 17 BASIS OF PREPARATION

IFRS 17 adopted on a retrospective basis from 1 January 2022

Conventional insurance

- Increase in underwriting result (2023: R100 million; 2022: R13 million), largely due to risk-attaching reinsurance cost being spread over a longer period
- Discounting of claims incurred liability benefits underwriting result, but largely offset by unwinding of prior period discounting
- Reinstatement premiums recognised as claims expense; reduced net earned premiums under IFRS 4. Shift between line items with corresponding impact on underwriting ratios
- All binder fees recognised as administration costs under IFRS 4; portion relating to sales activity reclassified to commission under IFRS 17. Shift between commission and administration cost ratios
- 0.3% positive impact on the underwriting margin for December 2023

General

- No change in capital management and dividend policies
- Format of segmental information remains largely unchanged

Alternative Risk Transfer business

- Upfront fees and acquisition costs for longer duration contracts spread over coverage period instead of upfront recognition
- Immaterial impact on earnings

RESULTS AT A GLANCE

| | For the year ended 31 December 2023 | For the year ended 31 December 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| NEP Growth | 5.8% | 5.3%* |
| Claims ratio | 66.2% | 65.0% |
| Acquisition costs ratio | 30.3% | 29.9% |
| Underwriting margin | 3.5% | 5.1% |
| Investment return on insurance funds | 2.6% | 1.2% |
| Net insurance result | 6.1% | 6.3% |
| Return on Capital | 28.5% | 18.5% |

*Comparatives not restated for adoption of IFRS 17

EXCHANGE RATE VOLATILITY

CLOSING RATES

| Currency | Dec 2023 | Dec 2022 | % change |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| United States Dollar | 18.29 | 17.02 | 7.5 |
| Euro | 20.20 | 18.16 | 11.2 |
| Indian Rupee | 0.22 | 0.21 | 7.9 |

AVERAGE RATES

| Currency | Dec 2023 | Dec 2022 | % change |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| United States Dollar | 18.44 | 16.31 | 13.1 |
| Euro | 19.93 | 17.18 | 16.0 |
| Indian Rupee | 0.22 | 0.21 | 7.2 |

INVESTMENT MARKET PERFORMANCE

RETURN FOR THE PERIOD

| INDEX | Dec 2023 | Dec 2022 |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| JSE All Share | 5.3% | (0.9%) |
| JSE Swix 40 | 3.4% | 0.5% |
| JSE All Bond | 9.7% | 4.3% |
| SA Money Market (STeFI) | 8.0% | 5.2% |
| USD Money Market (3M Libor/ SOFR)* | 5.6% | 4.8% |

*3-month Libor presented for December 2022. 3-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) presented for December 2023.

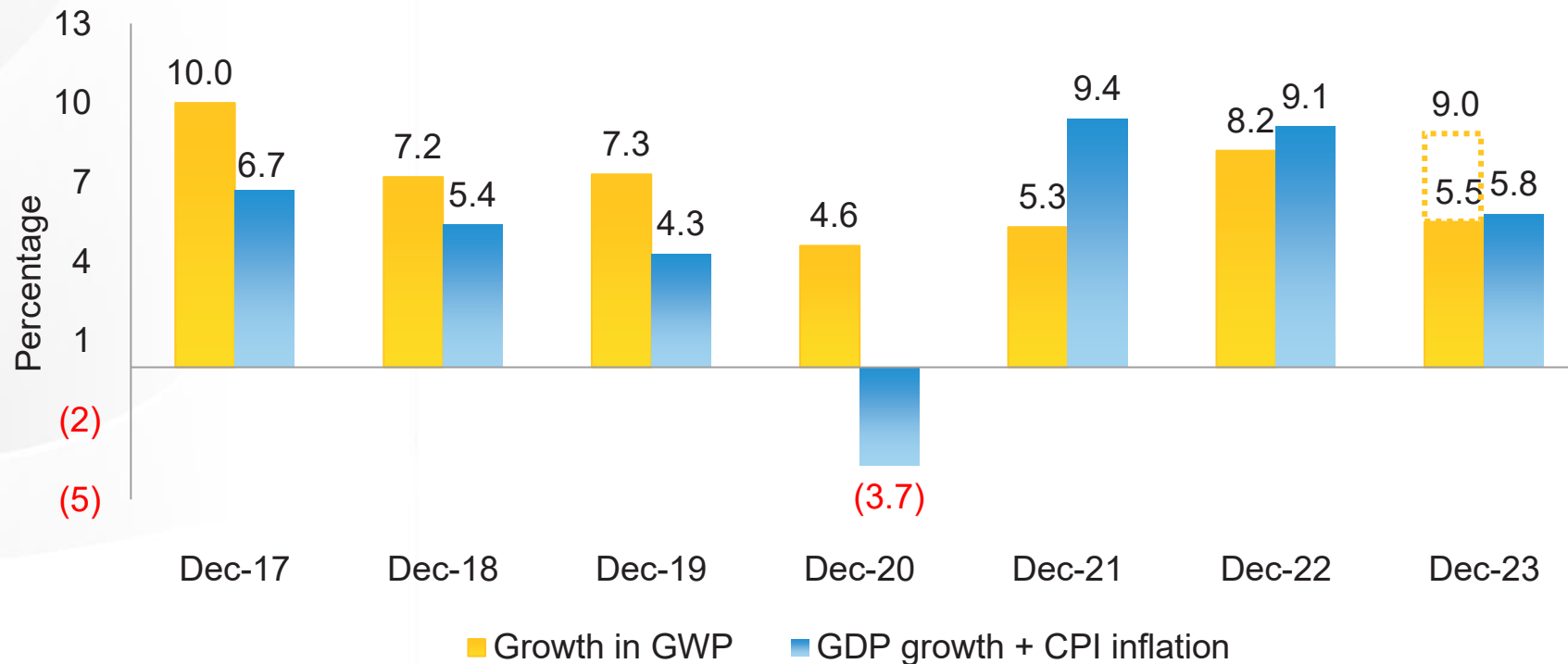


BUSINESS VOLUMES



CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

GROSS WRITTEN PREMIUM VS CPI + GDP GROWTH



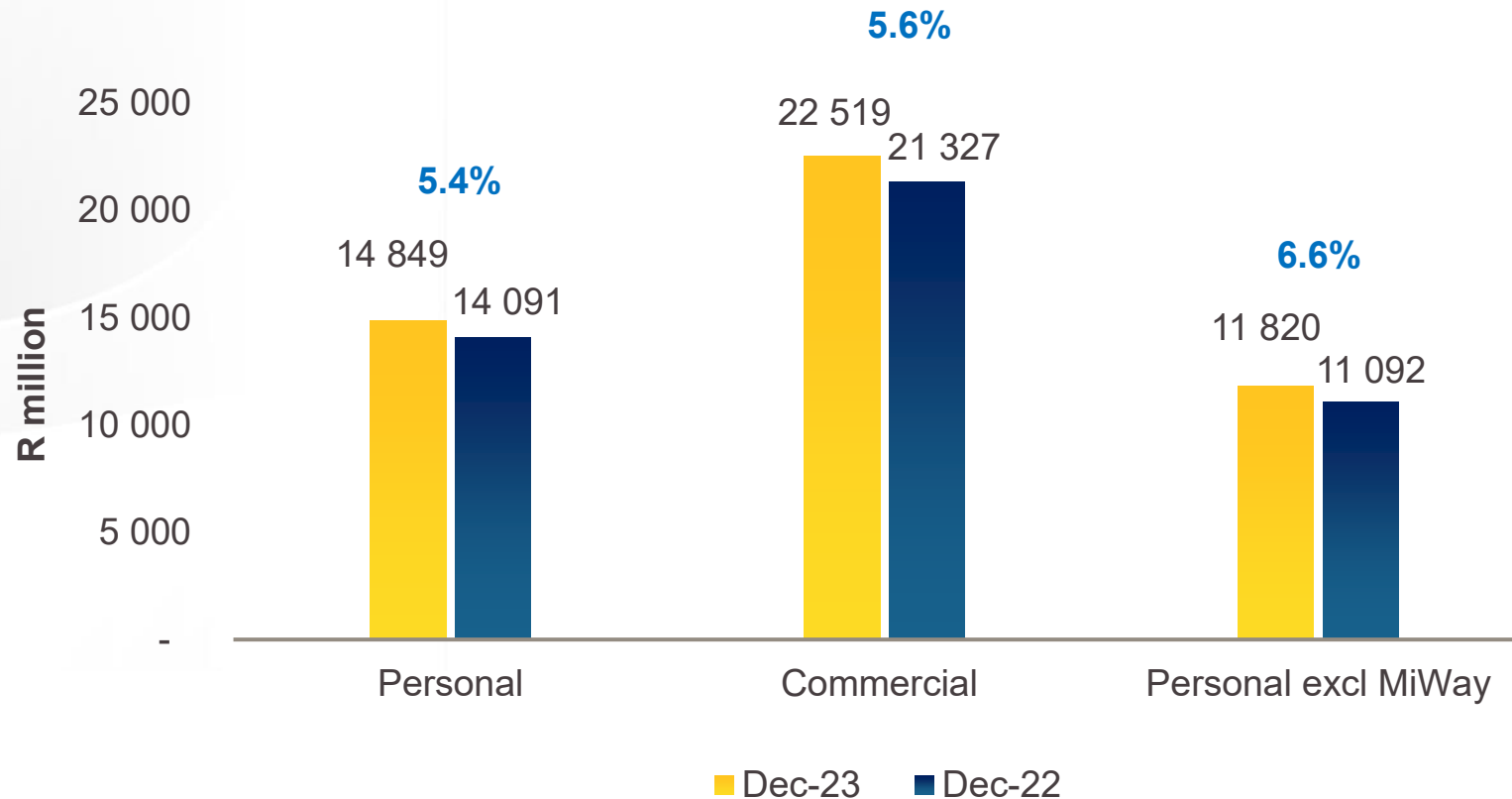
- **9% growth** excluding cancelled business of **R1.3bn**
- Solid contributions from Broker, Client and Specialist Solutions
- Segmented premium increases in response to claims inflation and frequency
- MiWay impacted by pressure on consumer in **1H23**; growth accelerating on monthly basis
- Net earned premiums grew by **5.8% (8% excluding cancelled business)**

*Year-on-year SARB forecasted GDP of 0.7%, CPI of 5.1%

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

GROSS WRITTEN PREMIUM

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS – PERSONAL AND COMMERCIAL

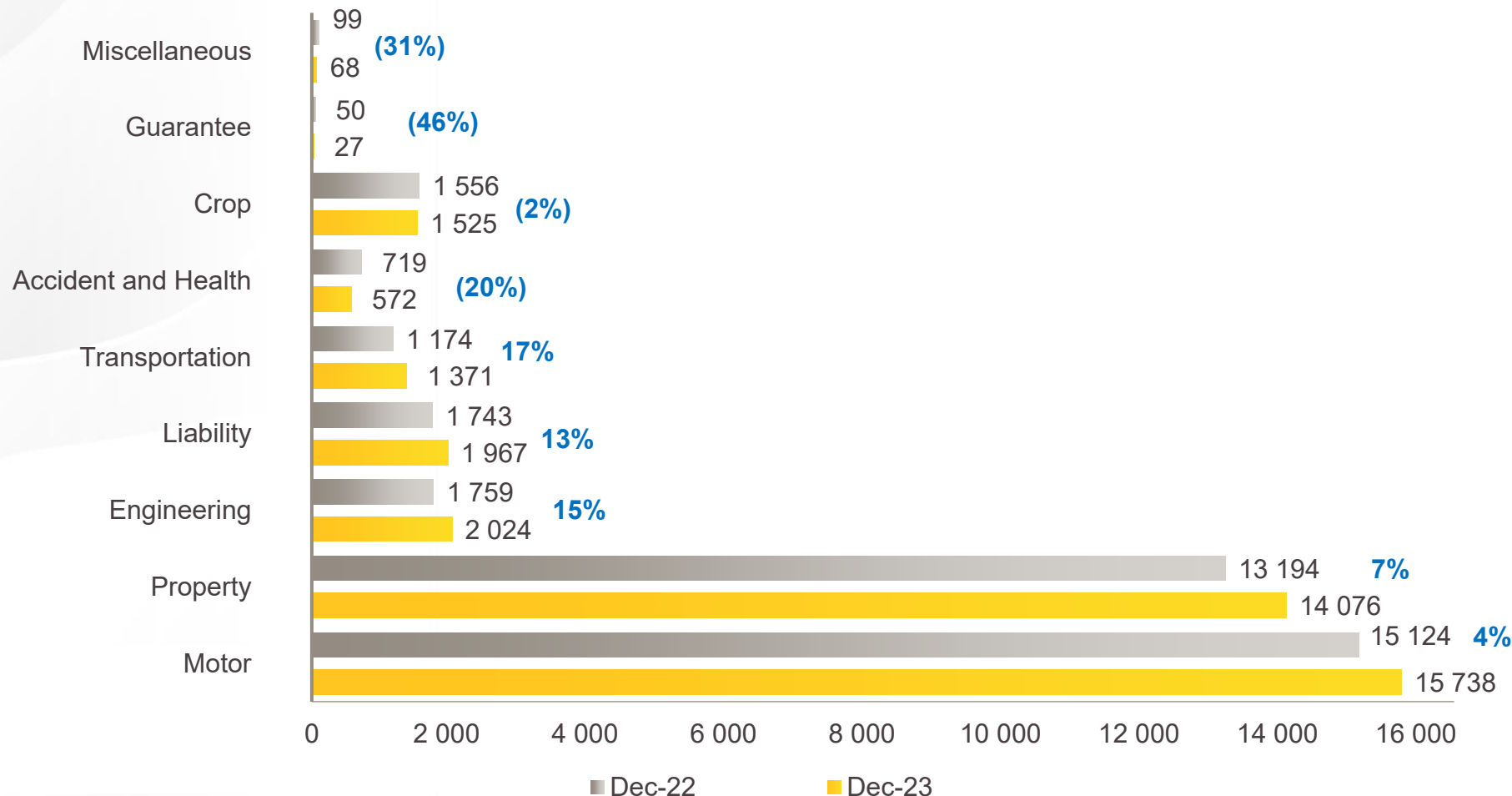


- Personal lines impacted by MiWay, pressure on quote volumes in Outsourced business and cancelled motor business in Israel
- Commercial lines reflecting non-renewals at Emerald and management actions in Hospitality and Leisure, Santam Real Estate and Santam Re

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

GROSS WRITTEN PREMIUM

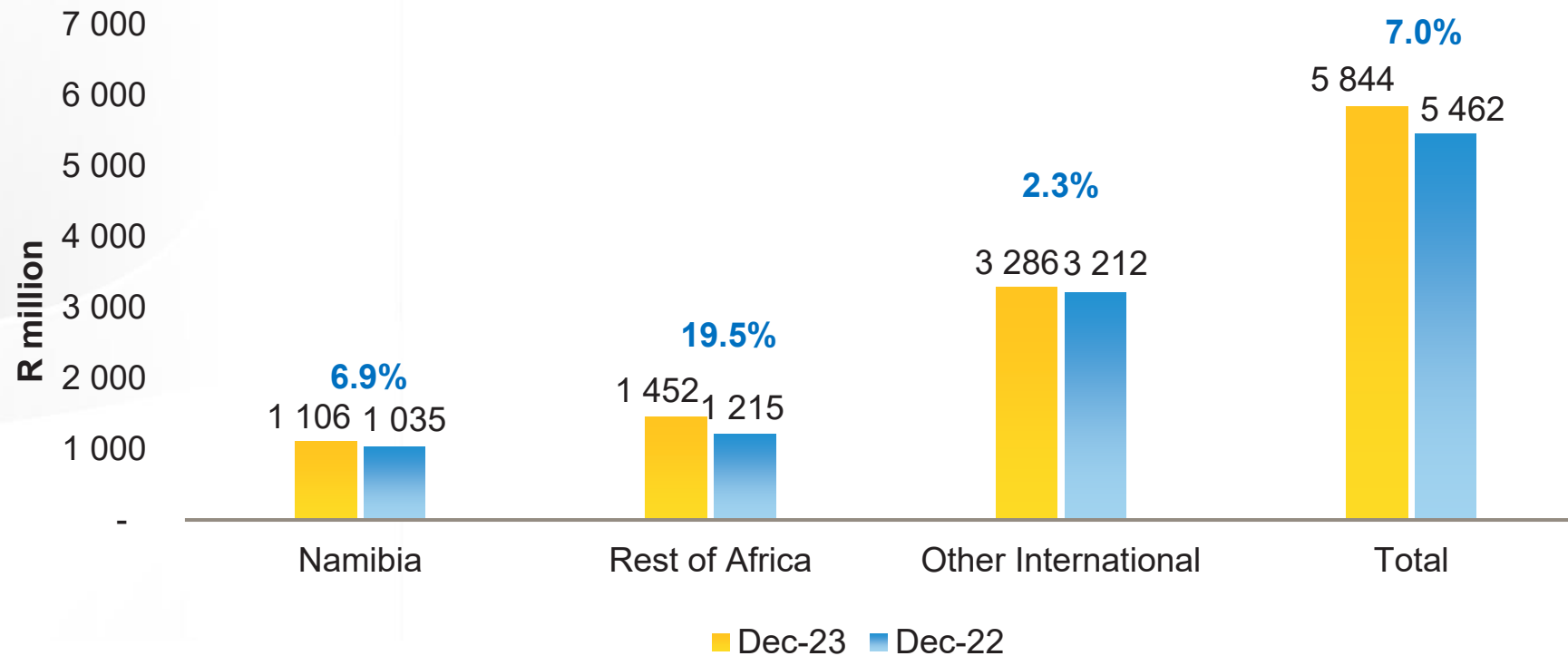
PER INSURANCE CLASS (R'M)



- Motor grew by **7%** excluding cancelled business at Santam Re
- Property up **11%** excluding cancelled/non-renewed business
 - Strong growth at Santam Re and Broker/Client Solutions
- Engineering growth mostly non-SA
- Liability driven by SHA renewals and Santam Re
- Specialist Solutions main contributor to Transportation growth

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

GROSS WRITTEN PREMIUM FROM OUTSIDE SA

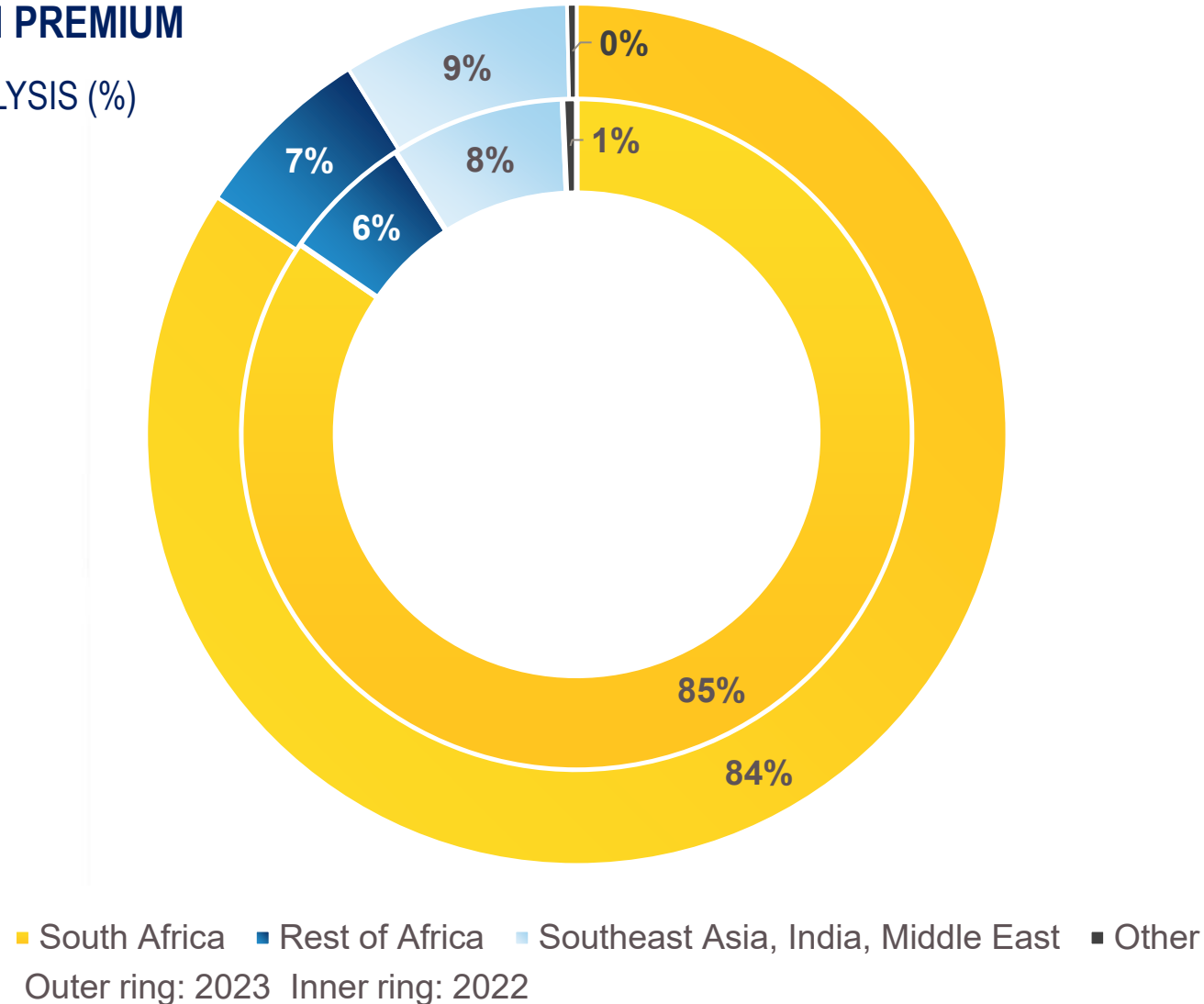


- Acceleration in Namibia from 2.3% in 1H23
- Continued strong growth from SanlamAllianz partnership across Africa – up 28%
- Other international impacted by cancellations

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

GROSS WRITTEN PREMIUM

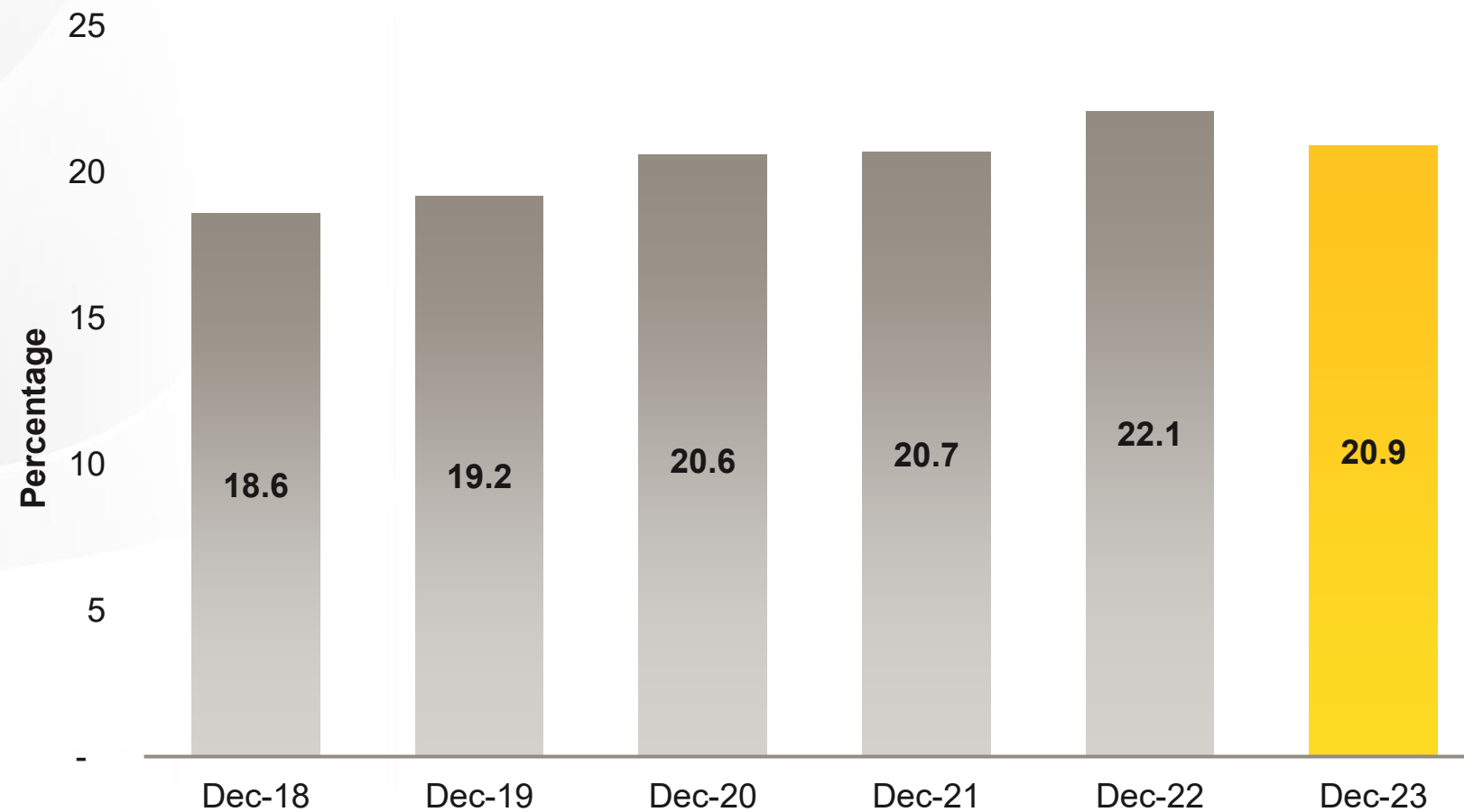
GEOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS (%)



- Slight improvement in non-SA contribution
- Hampered by cancellations at Santam Re
- Focus remains on growing international contribution through Santam Re and existing capabilities in Specialist Solutions

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

REINSURANCE AS % OF GROSS EARNED PREMIUM



- Substantial increase in the cost of non-proportional reinsurance – CAT premium up **78%** since 2019
- Growth in overall book limited reinsurance cost to **21%**
- Single digit rate increases in January 2024 renewal
- Ongoing optimisation of programme
 - **R1bn** CAT retention
 - **R100m** per risk retention
 - Saving in premium compensates for increased exposure

Percentages disclosed for periods prior to Dec 2022 not restated for IFRS17, but impact is immaterial



EARNINGS



ANALYSIS OF EARNINGS

| R million | Dec 2023 | Dec 2022 | Variance |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Conventional | 2 910 | 2 328 | 25% |
| • Net insurance result | 1 790 | 1 743 | 3% |
| • Investment return on capital | 1 120 | 585 | 91% |
| Net income ART | 516 | 368 | 40% |
| Associates | 786 | 54 | >100% |
| Amortisation & other | (113) | (24) | >(100%) |
| Income before tax & non-controlling interests | 4 099 | 2 726 | 50% |
| Tax & non-controlling interests | (849) | (746) | (14%) |
| Net income | 3 250 | 1 980 | 64% |

- Conventional earnings supported by good investment returns
- Forex gains of **R254m (2022: R229m)**
- **R433m (2022: R346m)** revaluation of investments in India/Malaysia
- Associates includes **R705m** profit realised on disposal of SAN JV



OPERATING EARNINGS



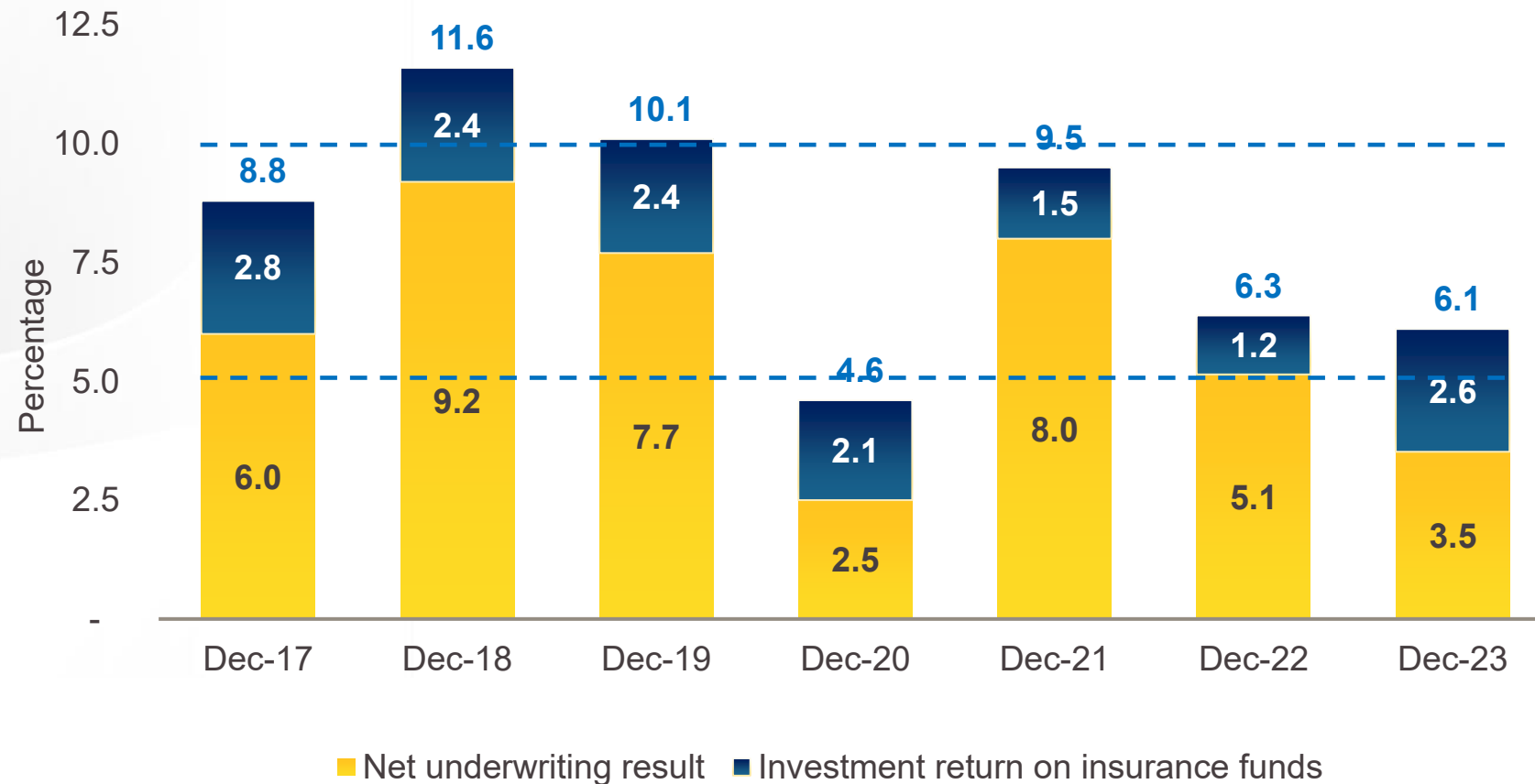
NET INSURANCE RESULT: CONVENTIONAL

| | Dec 2023 R'm | % of NEP | Dec 2022 R'm | % of NEP | % change |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|
| Gross written premium | 37 368 | | 35 418 | | 6% |
| Net earned premium | 29 335 | 100% | 27 727 | 100% | 6% |
| Claims incurred | 19 420 | 66.2% | 18 030 | 65.0% | 8% |
| Acquisition cost | 8 884 | 30.3% | 8 295 | 29.9% | 7% |
| • Commission | 4 049 | 13.8% | 3 860 | 13.9% | 5% |
| • Management expenses | 4 835 | 16.5% | 4 435 | 16.0% | 9% |
| Underwriting result | 1 031 | 3.5% | 1 402 | 5.1% | (26%) |
| Investment return on insurance funds | 759 | 2.6% | 341 | 1.2% | 123% |
| Net insurance result | 1 790 | 6.1% | 1 743 | 6.3% | 3% |
| Combined ratio | | 96.5% | | 94.9% | |

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

NET INSURANCE RESULT

AS A % OF NET EARNED PREMIUM

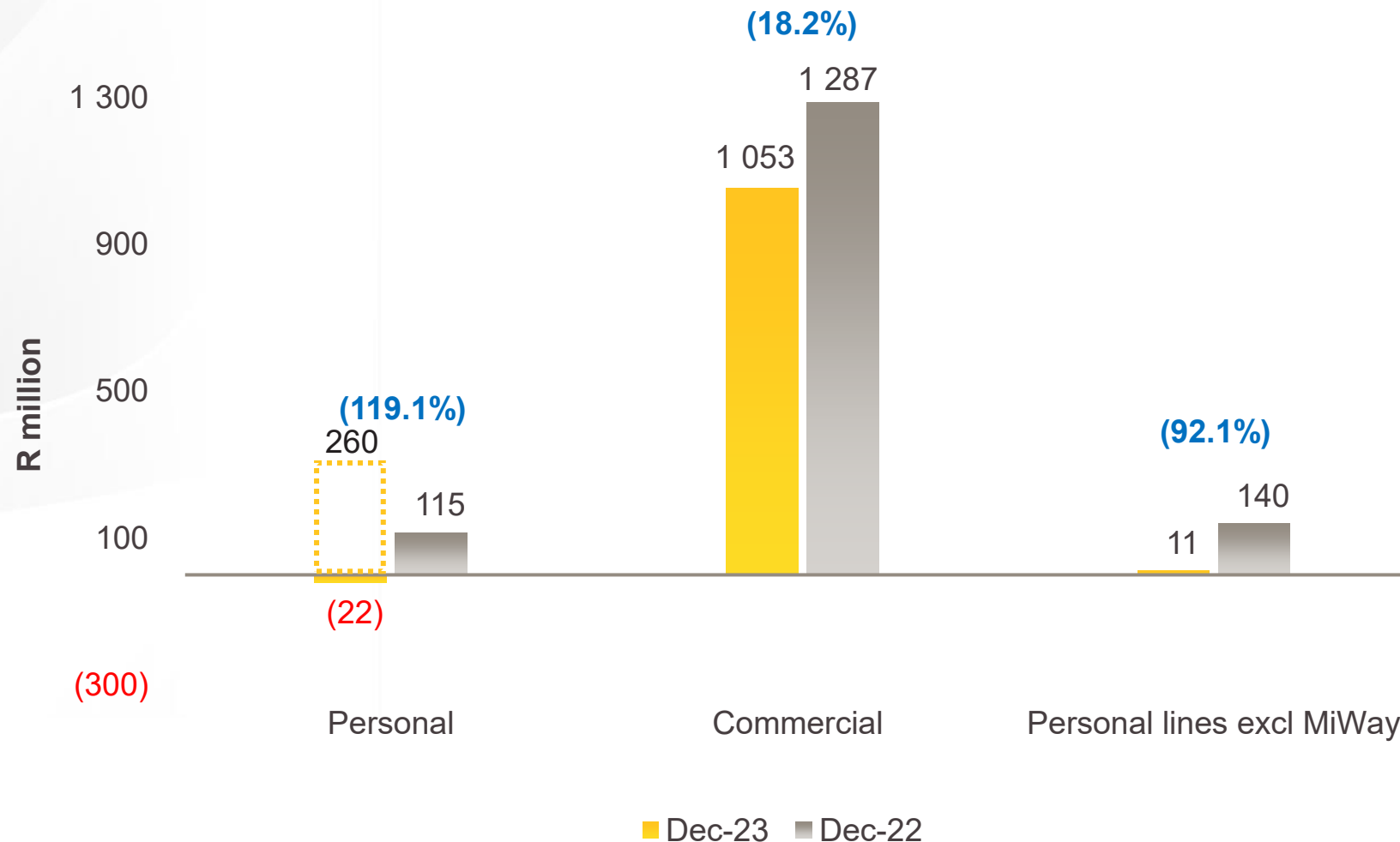


*Periods before 2022 not restated for adoption of IFRS 17

- Large losses in both periods
- 2023: Turkey, run-off losses on cancelled business, Western Cape floods, hail, fire claims
 - CBI reserve release of R215m
- 2022: KZN floods, fire claims
 - CBI reserve release of R714m
 - Lower variable remuneration
- Adjusted underwriting margin of 8.4% for 2023 and 6% for 2022

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

NET UNDERWRITING RESULT: PERSONAL AND COMMERCIAL

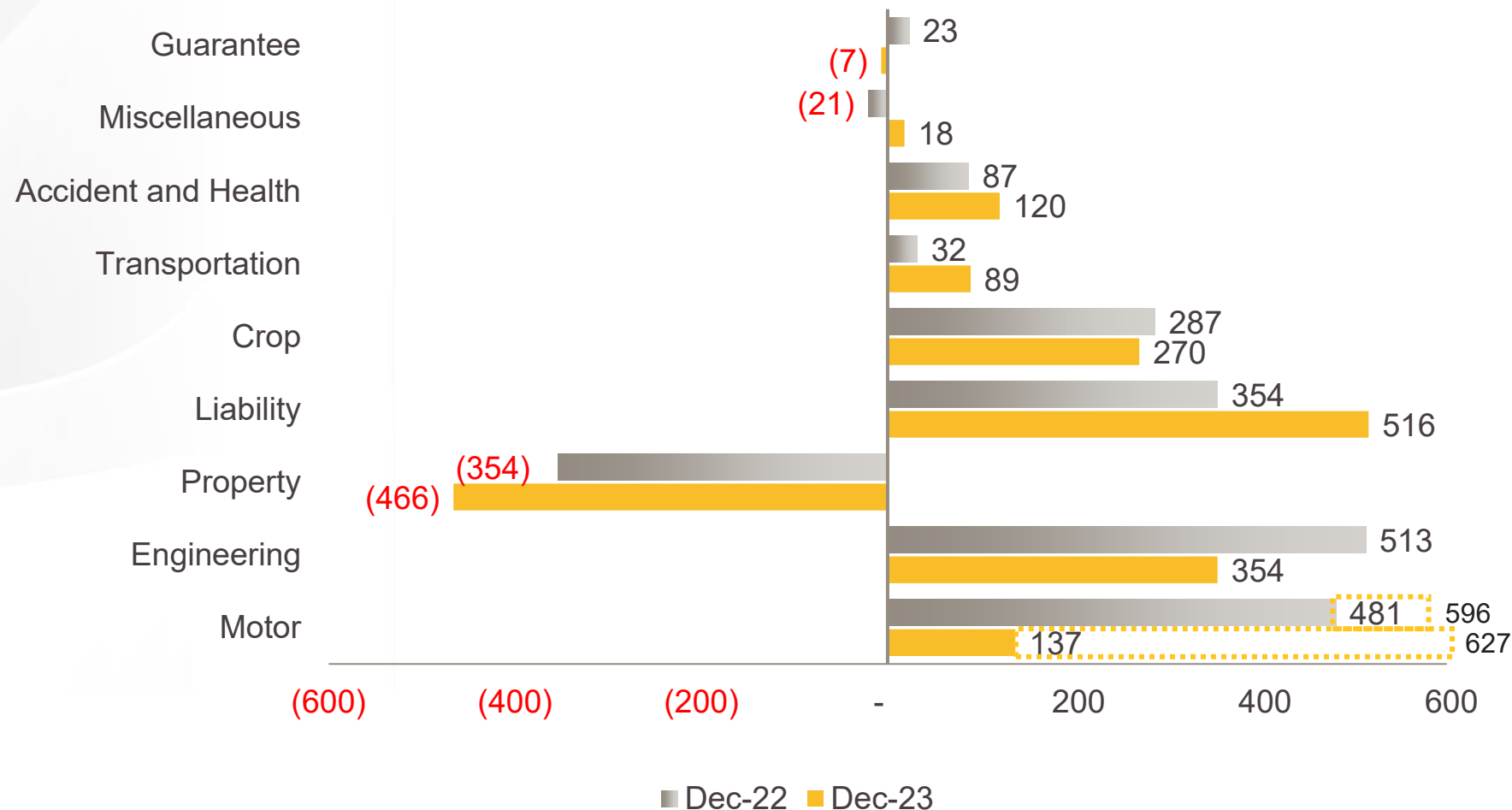


- Personal lines impacted by attritional weather-related claims in Q1, Western Cape floods, hail in Gauteng and run-off losses on cancelled business. More than **doubled** excluding cancelled business
- Commercial benefited in 2022 from larger CBI reserve release

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

NET UNDERWRITING RESULT

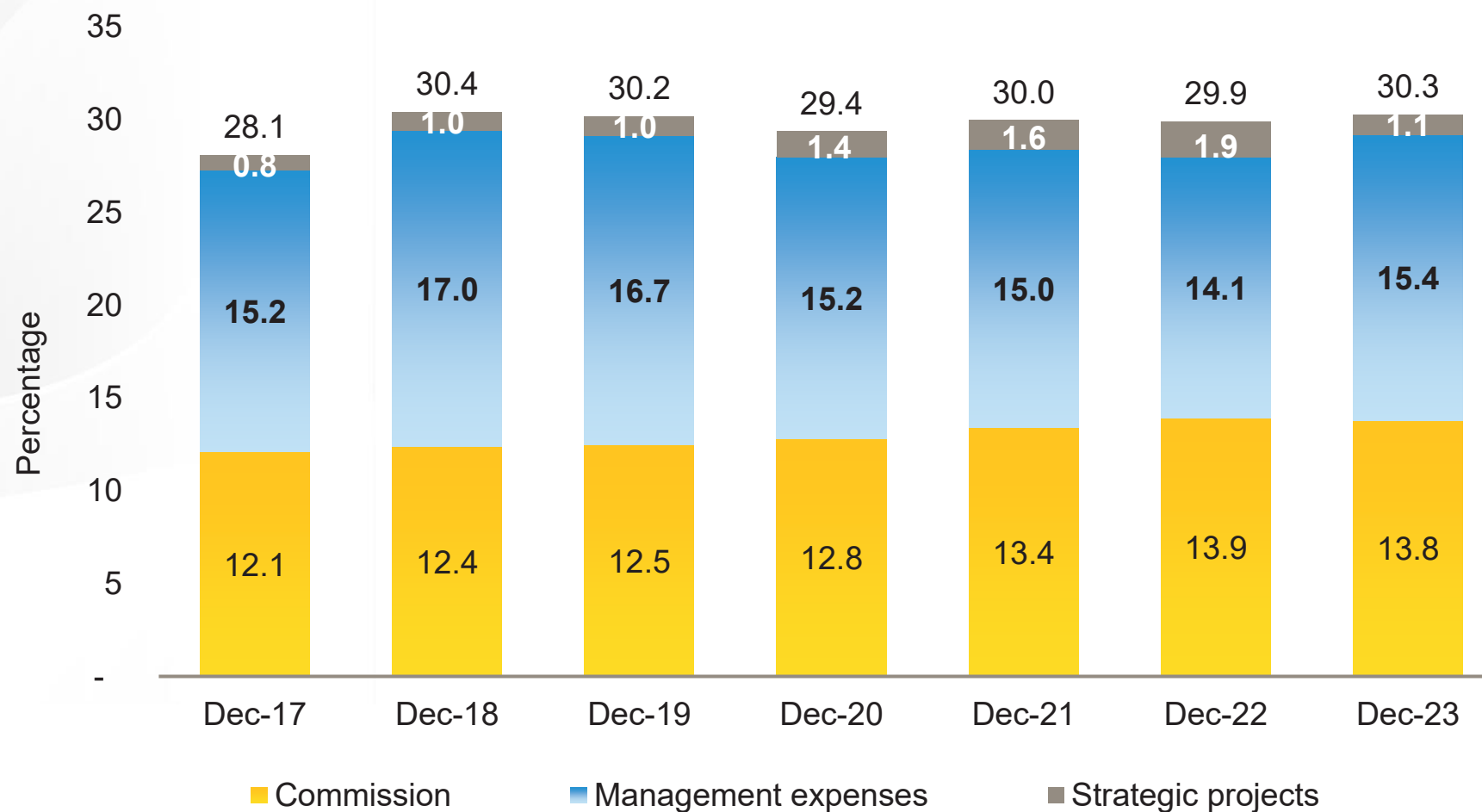
PER INSURANCE CLASS (R'M)



- Inflation and high-value theft in motor book successfully addressed – up **5%** excluding cancelled business and Gauteng hail
- Property rate strength and risk management not yet at sustainable level - further underwriting actions required
- Power-surge losses mitigated
- Engineering benefited from positive estimate adjustments in 2022
- Benign crop claims environment in 2022

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

NET ACQUISITION COSTS AS A % OF NET EARNED PREMIUM



- 2022 benefited from lower variable remuneration
- New strategic initiatives in 2023

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

MIWAY

| | Dec 2023 | Dec 2022 | Var % |
|---|----------|----------|-------|
| Gross written premium (R million) | 3 441 | 3 283 | 4.8% |
| Gross underwriting result net of CAT recoveries (R million) | 168 | 254 | (34%) |
| Gross claims ratio net of CAT recoveries | 58.8% | 60.0% | |
| Gross acquisition cost ratio | 36.3% | 32.1% | |
| Gross underwriting margin | 4.9% | 8.7% | |
| Number of clients ¹ | 345 000 | 340 000 | 1.5% |

- Strong growth in GWP from commercial lines and VAPS - up more than **20%**
- Personal lines accelerating towards the end of the year; growth in policy count
- Acquisition cost ratio includes expenditure on new initiatives; 2022 benefited from lower variable remuneration

¹ Excluding value-added products

ALTERNATIVE RISK TRANSFER INSURANCE

| | Dec 2023 R'm | Dec 2022 R'm | Var % |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| Fee income | 379 | 303 | 25% |
| Investment margin | 324 | 207 | 57% |
| Underwriting income | 85 | 114 | (25%) |
| Expenses | (345) | (292) | (18%) |
| Operating result | 443 | 332 | 33% |
| Investment income | 73 | 36 | 103% |
| Net profit before tax and NCI | 516 | 368 | 40% |

- Fee income and investment margins reflect growth in size of book
- Improved investment returns in 2023
- Underwriting income declined following deliberate closure of certain UMAs

INDIA/MALAYSIA TARGET SHARES

ANALYSIS OF SANTAM'S SHARE OF NIR IN R'M FOR P&O AND SGI

| | Dec 2023 R'm | % of NEP | Dec 2022 R'm | % of NEP |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| Gross written premium | 937 | | 716 | |
| Net earned premium | 728 | 100.0 | 631 | 100.0 |
| Net claims incurred | 443 | 60.9 | 438 | 69.4 |
| Net acquisition cost | 311 | 42.7 | 253 | 40.1 |
| Net underwriting result | (26) | (3.6) | (60) | (9.5) |
| Investment return on insurance funds | 221 | 30.4 | 209 | 33.1 |
| Net insurance result | 195 | 26.8 | 149 | 23.6 |

- Strong GWP growth at SGI from Shriram ecosystem and own channels
- Revaluation of SGI by R433m in line with improved performance and outlook; forex gain
- P&O continued to struggle in both top-line and earnings performance

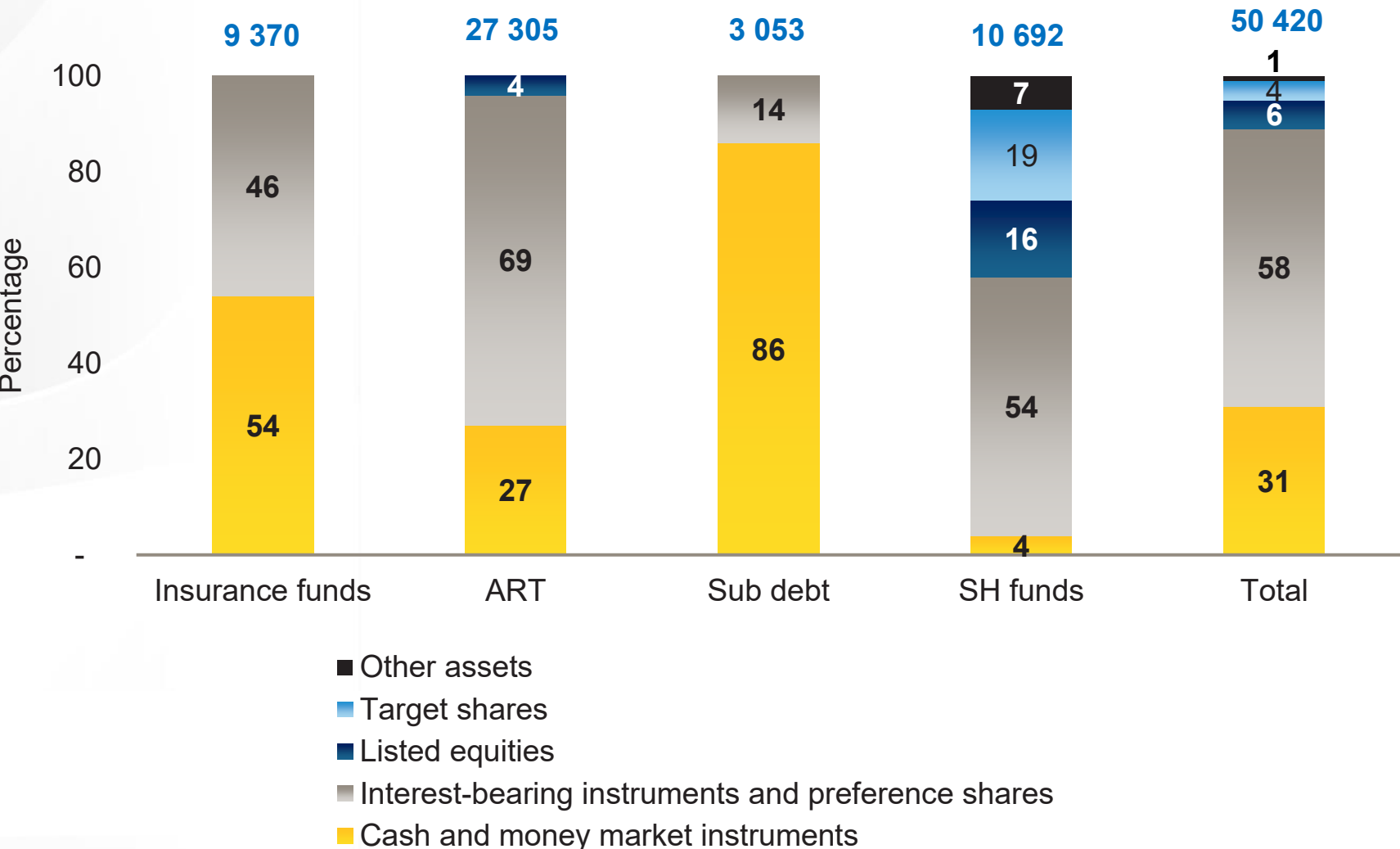


INVESTMENT RESULTS



ASSET LIABILITY MATCHING

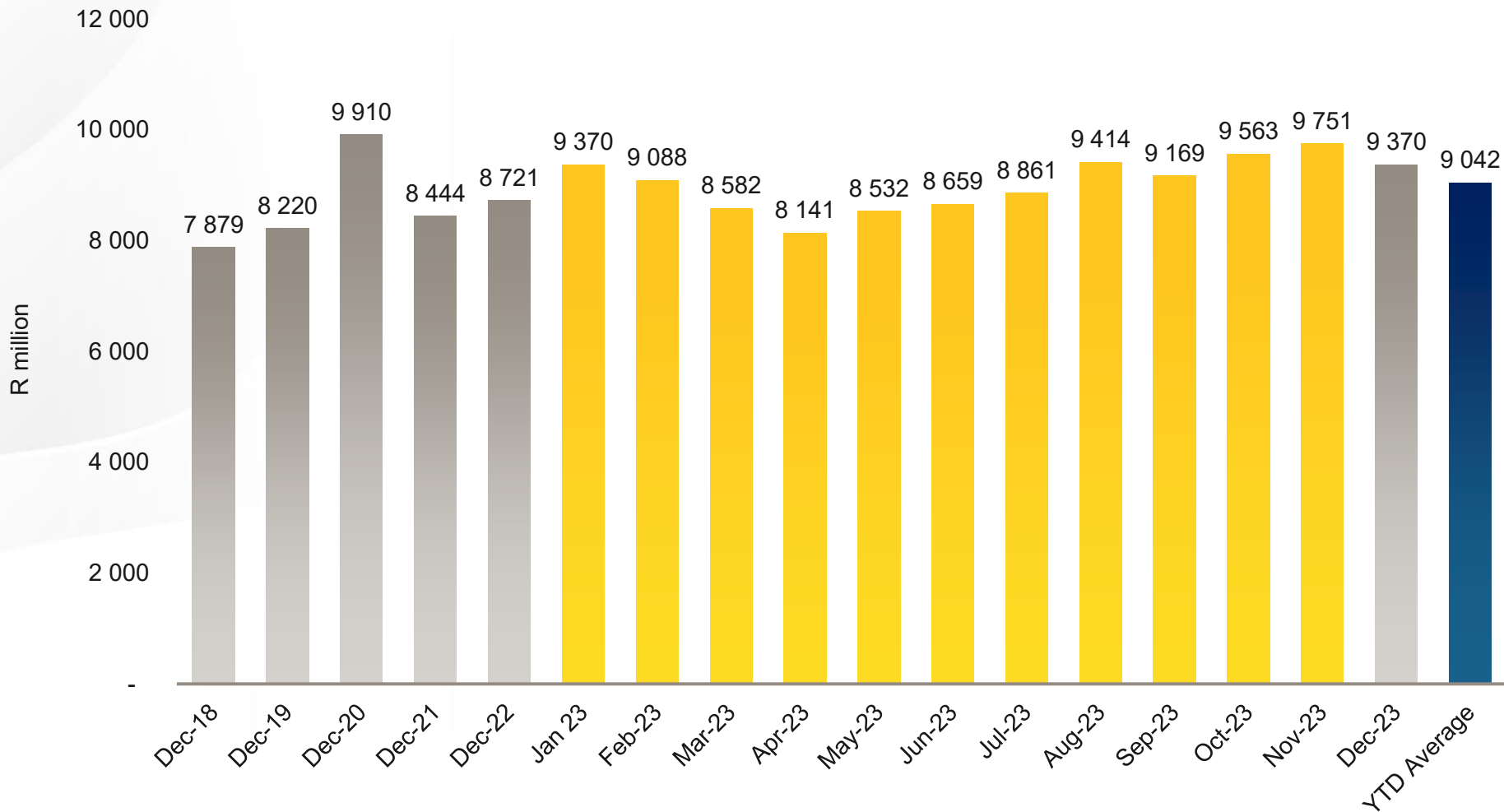
GROUP CONSOLIDATED ASSETS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023



- No significant change in investment mandates of key portfolios
- Subdebt portfolio increased by **R500m** during the year

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

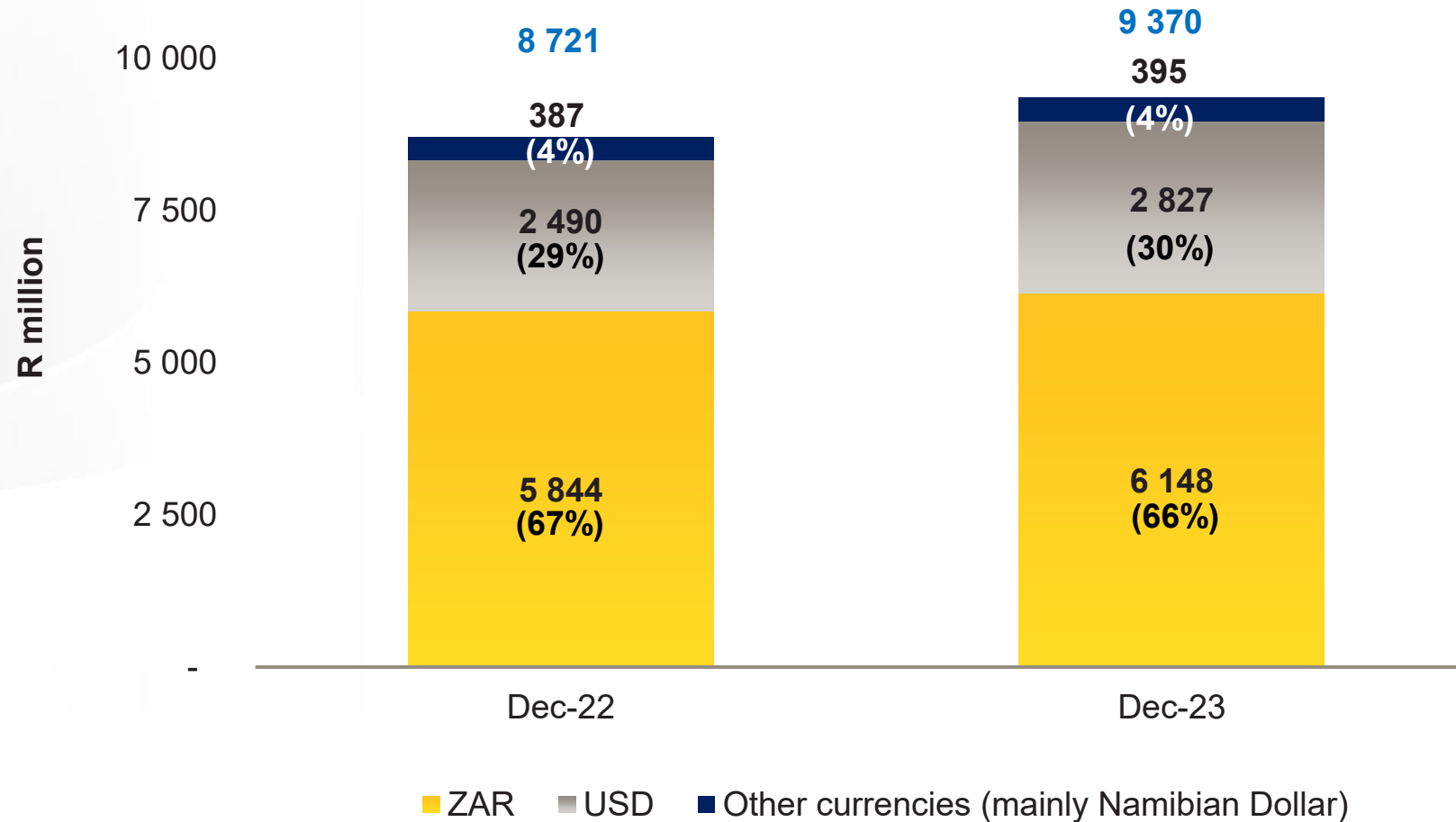
SIZE OF NET INSURANCE FUNDS



- Average float balance up **7.5%** on 2022 compared to **8%** growth in NEP excluding cancelled business
- CBI reserve releases decreased overall level of float

CONVENTIONAL INSURANCE

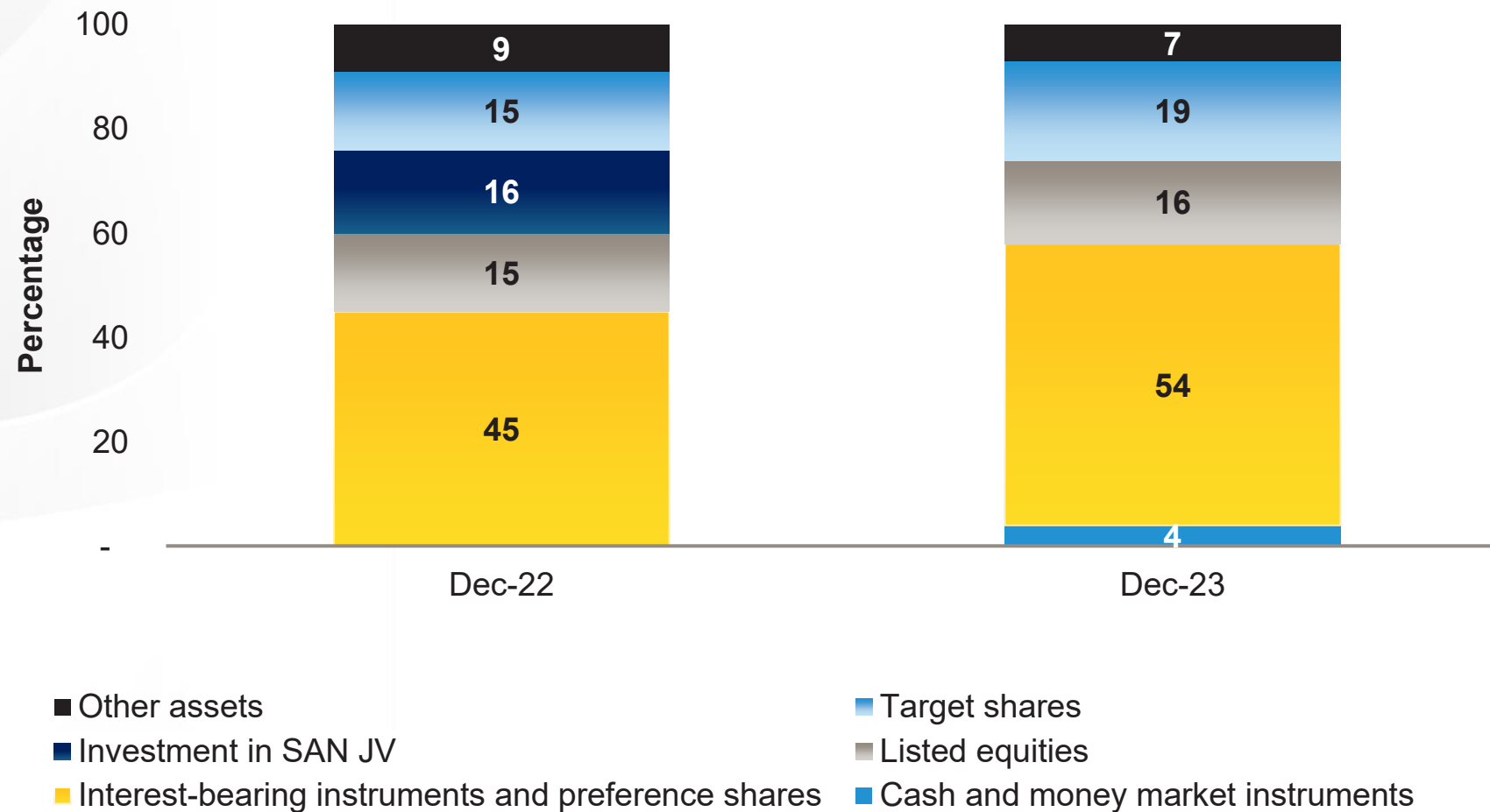
ASSETS BACKING NET INSURANCE FUNDS



- No significant change in composition of insurance funds

SHAREHOLDER FUNDS

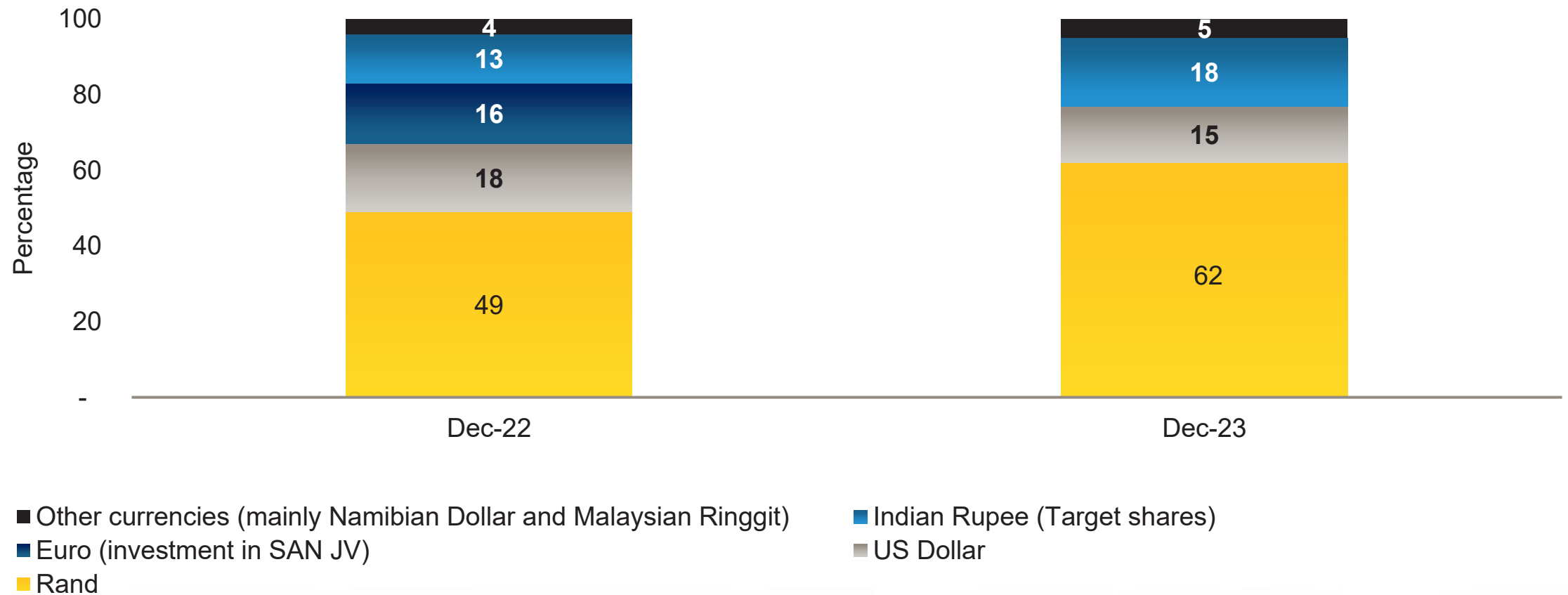
ASSETS BACKING SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS



- Target shares mostly reflect economic interest in SGI
- Disposal of investment in SAN JV

SHAREHOLDER FUNDS

CURRENCY EXPOSURE



INVESTMENT RETURN

| Investment return on insurance funds | Dec 2023 R'm | Dec 2022 R'm | Var % |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Conventional | 759 | 341 | 123% |
| Alternative Risk Transfer | 341 | 218 | 56% |
| Santam Group | 1 100 | 559 | 97% |

| Shareholder investment return | Dec 2023 R'm | Dec 2022 R'm | Var % |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Conventional | 1 120 | 585 | 91% |
| Alternative Risk Transfer | 73 | 36 | 103% |
| Santam Group | 1 193 | 621 | 92% |

- Improved investment return on all portfolios
- Performance exceeded benchmarks in general

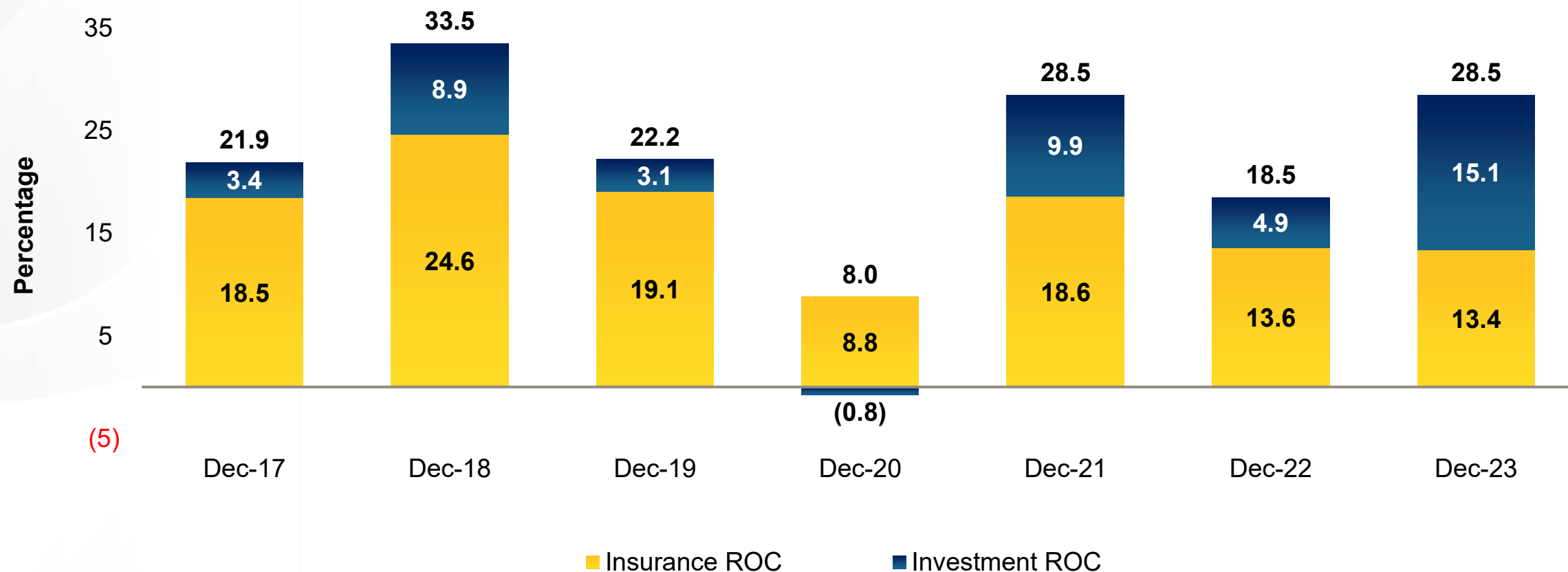


CAPITAL MANAGEMENT



RETURN ON CAPITAL

TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME EXPRESSED AS % OF WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS



CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

- Group economic capital requirement based on the internal model **R8.8 billion** (Dec 2022: **R8.6 billion**)
- Current Group economic capital coverage ratio of **155%** (Dec 2022: **156%**)
- Additional **R500 million** sub-debt raised in April 2023, added 6% to economic capital coverage ratio
- Target economic capital coverage ratio band maintained at between **145%** and **165%**
- Considering the capital position, a final ordinary dividend of **905 cps** was declared that will reduce the economic capital coverage ratio to a level that remains well within the target band
- Total ordinary dividends per share of **1400 cps**
- Proceeds from disposal of SAN JV partly utilised to declare special dividend of **1 780 cps**
- Total distributions of **3 180 cps** – cash yield of **12.4%** based on opening share price





CLOSING REMARKS



OUR ESG COMMITMENTS

SUPPORTING COMMUNITY RESILIENCE

POSITIVE IMPACT ON SOCIETY



We now support 95 municipalities through **Partnership for Risk and Resilience (P4RR)**

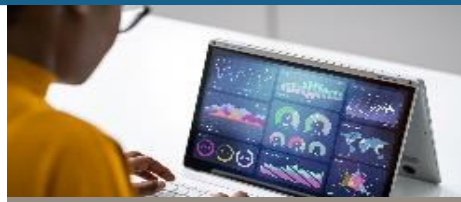
TCFD

TASK FORCE ON
CLIMATE-RELATED
FINANCIAL
DISCLOSURES



We invested **R171m** in companies that reduce long-term systemic risk through the **Santam Resilient Investment Fund**. The fund targets investments in companies that address ESG needs.

ESG LEADERSHIP



Continued as a constituent of the **FTSE 4 Good index series** and **FTSE/JSE Responsible Investment Top 30 index**



FTSE4Good

DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION

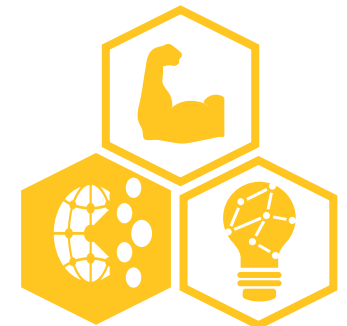


**Level 1
B-BBEE
status**

Appointed a **diverse leadership to execute** our new operating model focused on driving our new, refreshed FutureFit strategy



We continue to invest in **our black broker programme** to contribute to the transformation of the sector



STRATEGIC PRIORITIES FOR 2024

FOCUSED ON DELIVERING ON STRATEGY AND IMPROVED PROFITABILITY



Fix property portfolio



Continue being the best broker enabler



Drive diversification play through scaling Direct, Santam Re and Specialist Business



Accelerate our digital and data capabilities



Complete the geo-coding of the core book and extend it to other businesses



Leverage the Sanlam group and grow our partnerships and ecosystem play for growth



Continue to embed ESG

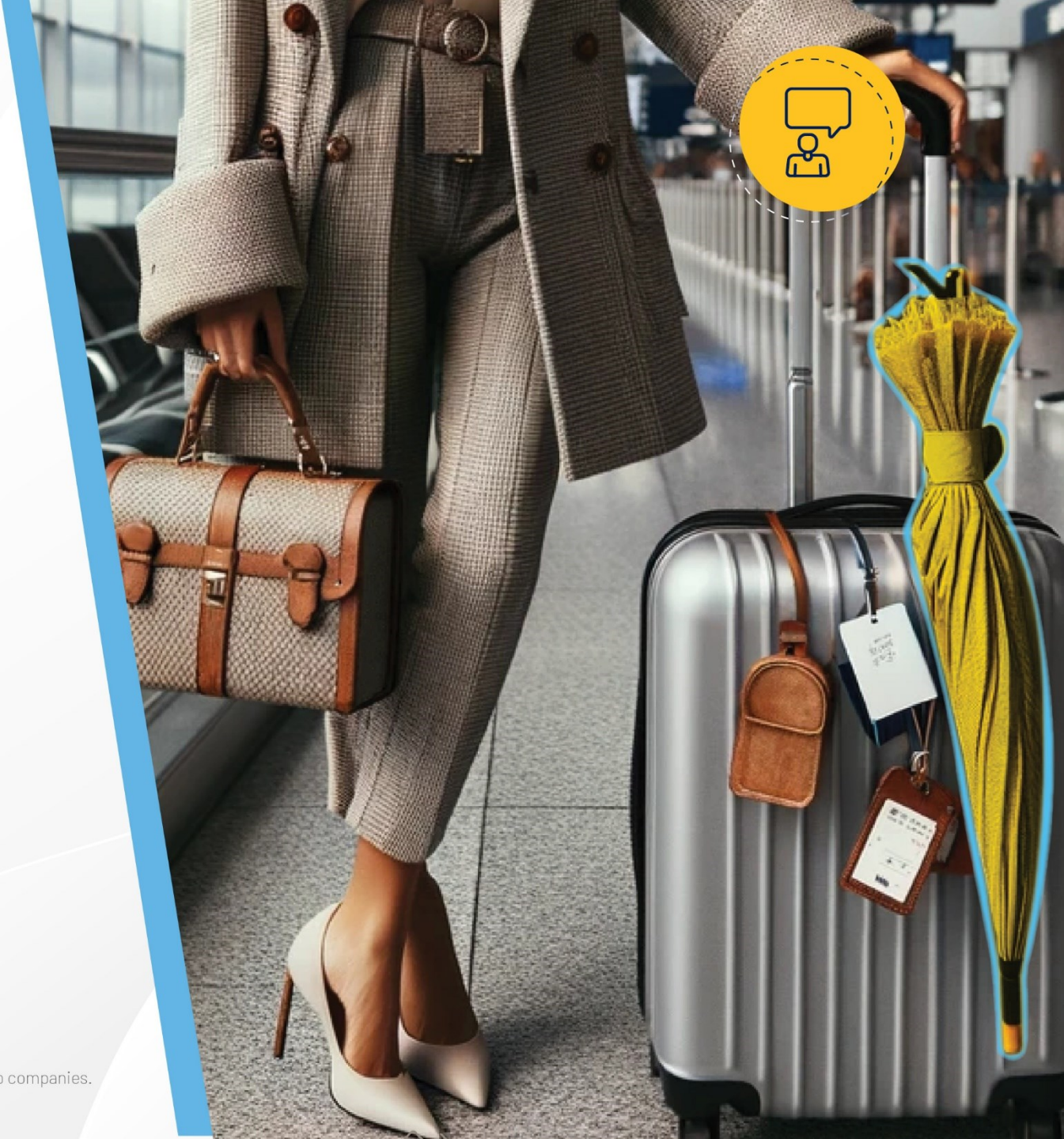


Exceptional employee experience and win the war on talent



QUESTIONS?

Santam is an authorised financial services provider (FSP 3416), a licensed non-life insurer and controlling company for its group companies.





THANK YOU

